



Special thanks to all those who contributed to 321go!

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321go! is a fun and easy set of **3 daily goals** and **21 challenges** that can help you make healthy choices. This guide teaches you about physical activity, nutrition, and emotional wellness.

You can track your progress on your goals and challenges on the tracker pages at the end of the guide.

321go! Daily Goals

Physical Activity

Complete at least 30 minutes of physical activity each day.



Balanced Nutrition

Eat at least **2** servings of each food group every day.



Emotional Wellness

Practice at least 1 emotional wellness strategy each day.



321go! Challenges

There are 21 total challenges in this guide.

- 7 physical activity challenges
- 7 nutrition challenges
- 7 emotional wellness challenges







Physical activity, nutrition, and emotional wellness are very important to your health. Following **321go!** can help you make healthy choices. Healthy choices can help you feel better now and be healthier in the future.













DISCIPIE MER

The National Down Syndrome Society ("NDSS"), a registered nonprofit organization, is the leading human rights organization for all individuals with Down syndrome. Due to their shared belief that all individuals, including those with Down syndrome, can benefit from exercise, Physical Fitness expert Monica Forquer, with 15 years of experience, designed *321go!* (the "Exercise Program") for NDSS.

NDSS is not, in any capacity, a gym operator, physical trainer, or expert in physical fitness. This Exercise Card and the Self-Advocacy Guide (the "Pamphlets") are to be used for educational purposes only. You should not rely on this information as a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. NDSS is not responsible or liable for any injury or loss you may sustain by exercising using the information or exercises in the Pamphlets or elsewhere associated with the Exercise Program.

Before starting the Exercise Program, you should consult with your physician or other healthcare professionals to determine if it is right for your needs and physical condition. This is particularly true if you (or your family) have a history of high blood pressure or heart disease, or if you have ever experienced chest pain when exercising or have experienced chest pain in the past month when not engaged in physical activity, smoke, have high cholesterol, are obese, or have a bone or joint problem that could be made worse by a change in physical activity. Do not start the Exercise Program if your physician or health care providers advise against it. If you experience faintness, dizziness, pain, or shortness of breath at any time while exercising you should stop immediately.

You acknowledge and understand that there is a risk of injury to you associated with your participation in the Exercise Program, even if you have been cleared to do the exercises by your healthcare provider. You hereby assume full, Personal, and legal responsibility for any and all injuries, losses, and damages you incur while performing the exercises in the Exercise Program. You hereby waive, and hold NDSS, its directors, officers, employees, agents, and contractors harmless from liability, claims, and damages you may have due to your participation in the Exercise Program.

Stop exercising immediately if you experience pain, soreness, fatigue, shortness of breath, dizziness, lightheadedness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, sickness, illness, dehydration, excessive sweating, or any other discomfort. If any of these symptoms persists after you stop exercising, please seek medical help immediately.

You hereby acknowledge that you have been given, and have read, each of the Pamphlets, and that you understand how to follow the Exercise Program. You assume full and total responsibility for any and all injuries, losses, and damages that you incur while performing the exercises in the Exercise Program. You hereby waive all claims against NDSS, its directors, officers, employees, attorneys, consultants, and/or its other professionals. NDSS disclaims any liability for persons who undertake an exercise regimen in a manner other than is outlined in the Pamphlets.



Physical Activity





Physical activity is any large movements of your body.

Some examples are sports, walking, cleaning your house, dancing, and lifting weights. Physical activity can keep your heart and muscles strong, keep your brain healthy, and improve your mood.



Complete at least 30 minutes of physical activity every day.





Physical Activity Guidelines

You need a total of 2.5 to 5 hours of **moderate** to **vigorous** physical activity <u>each week</u>. You also need to do at least 2 days of **strengthening activities** each week.

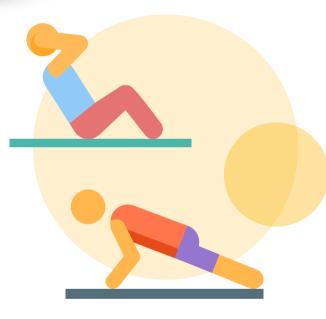
Moderate means the activity **is a little hard.**



Vigorous means the activity is very hard.

Strengthening
activities
make your
muscles strong.
You'll learn
more about
strengthening
exercises on
page 10.





When you reach your **321go!** goal every day, you will get enough physical activity to stay healthy.

You are working hard enough when:



it gets harder to talk





your heart beats faster







Physical Activity and Exercise

Some people use the words physical activity and exercise to talk about the same thing. They are a little different.

Physical Activity





Physical Activity is <u>any type</u> of large body movements you do for fun, fitness, or to get things done.

Exercise





Exercise is <u>one type</u> of physical activity that you do with the goal of improving your fitness.

All physical activity can help

you reach your 321 goals

You'll learn about specific exercise types on the next few pages.

Endurance

When you do endurance exercises, you will feel your heart beat faster and you will breath harder.

Endurance exercises keeps your heart and lungs healthy and gives you more energy throughout the day.



Endurance Exercise Examples:









Strength

When you do strength exercises, you will feel your muscles working hard.

Strength exercises keep your bones healthy and your muscles strong. You should do exercises for all the muscles in your body.



Try these strength exercises at home:





Bicep Curls





Lunge





Arm and Leg Raises

Strength Exercise Examples:



Lifting Weights



Exercise Bands



Exercise Machines



Body Weight Exercises

Balance

Balance exercises make you work hard to avoid falling. You might feel wobbly when trying these exercises.

Balance exercises will decrease the number of falls you have, which helps you avoid getting hurt.

Balance Exercise Examples:



Strength and Balance

Stronger muscles can help you have better balance. Regularly doing strength exercises for your lower body and abdominal muscles can also improve your balance!



Try these balance exercises at home:



Tandem Stance



Warrior Pose





Single Leg Hops

Flexibility

Flexibility exercises are often called stretches. You should do stretches for all parts of your body.

Flexibility exercises make it easier for you to move in all directions.

These exercises help prevent injuries and make you feel more relaxed.

Flexibility Exercise Examples:



Can people with Down syndrome stretch?

Yes! People with Down syndrome have hypotonicity which means your muscles might be looser than most people's muscles. It is still safe for you to stretch. Make sure to stretch slowly and don't push past a comfortable stretch.



Try these flexibility exercises at home:



Chest and Shoulder Stretch



Kneeling Lunge





Side Stretch

Physical Activity Challenges

Try these challenges to make physical activity a part of your life!

- Use the *321go!* Exercise Cards to create a routine. Pick 10 exercises and practice your routine for one month.
- 321GO
- Try a new type of physical activity! Sign up for a class, search for videos online, or learn a new exercise.



Time yourself on a walk or jog around the block. Write down your time. Practice for a month and watch your time improve.



Organize a weekly trip to the park with family or friends. Go on a walk, run, bike ride, or hike together.





- Use an activity tracker or pedometer to count your steps. Aim for 7,000 steps every day.
- Start your day in an active way. Choose five flexibility exercises that you can do every morning after you wake up.
- Dancing is a great way to stay active.
 Play five fast songs and don't stop
 dancing until they're over.





Balanced Nutrition





Nutrition is how food and drink affect your health.

Eating the right types and amounts of food can help you maintain a healthy weight, avoid getting sick, and have plenty of energy.

321 GO. GOAL

Eat at least <u>2</u> servings from each food group every day.

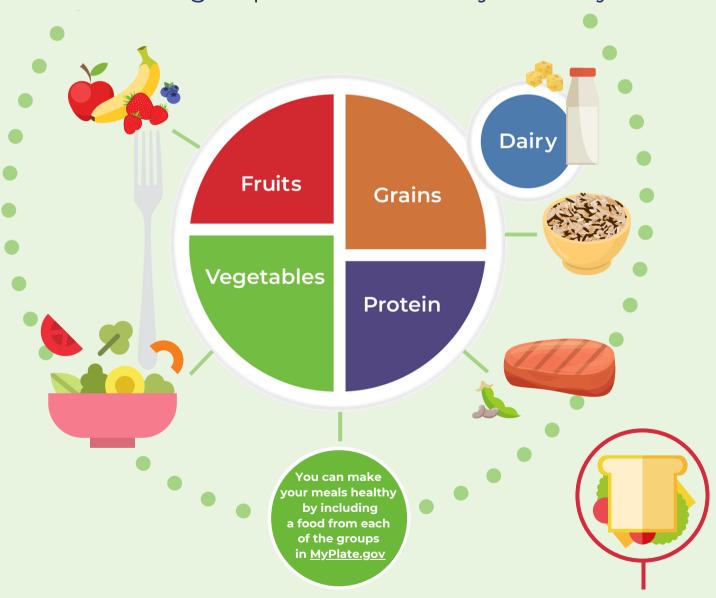
servings each

Nutrition Guidelines

Eating healthy means eating the right types and amounts of foods to get all the vitamins, minerals, and energy you need. You can follow the MyPlate model to help you.

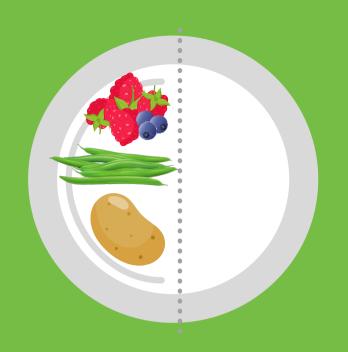
There are 5 food groups.

Each food group has benefits to your body.



You can combine food groups to create delicious meals and snacks.

fruits and vegetables at every meal.



Eat the Rainbow!

Different colored fruits and vegetables have different nutrients in them.

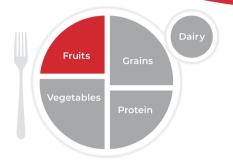
Choose a variety of colors of fruits and vegetables to get the nutrients you need.



Fruits and Vegetables

Fruits and vegetables are filled with vitamins, minerals, and fiber that help you avoid getting sick or constipated. Fruits and vegetables keep you feeling full longer.

> Try to eat a fruit or vegetable with every meal or snack.



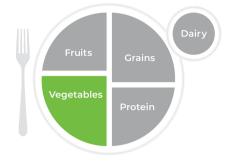
Servings of fruits per day: 1 1/2 - 2 cups



Apple



1 Cup Blueberries



Servings of vegetables per day: 2 1/2 - 4 cups



2 Cups Spinach



1 Cup **Baby Carrots**



1 Cup Cucumbers

Examples of Fruits:

- Apples
- Bananas

Oranges

- Grapes
- Berries
- Melon
- Pineapple
- Pears



Examples of Vegetables:

- Spinach
- Squash
- Carrots
- Onions
- **Peppers**
- Beets
- Broccoli
- Lettuce

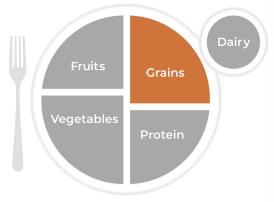
- Green Beans Eggplant



Grains

Grains are important because they are filled with energy and fiber.

Choose whole grain options to stay full and focused all day.



Servings of grains per day: 3-5 oz whole grain 6-10 oz total



2 Regular Slices Whole Wheat Bread



1 Cup Rice



Crackers



1/2 Cup Oatmeal

Examples of Grains:

- Bread
- Rice
- Pasta
- Popcorn
- Crackers
- Cereal
- Oatmeal Grits





Some people with Down sydrome cannot eat gluten which is found in some grains (wheat,

barley, and rye). There are lots of healthy grain options that are gluten free. Look for a "gluten free" label on food packages and talk to a doctor or dietitian about gluten free options.

Whole Grain Clues

Look for these clues to know if you are choosing a whole grain.



Oatmeal and quinoa are always whole grains.



The package says 100% whole grain or 100% whole wheat.

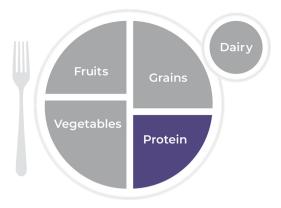


Whole grains are usually brown.

Protein

Proteins keep your body strong and assist you with healing when you are injured or sick.

Choose options that are low in fat.



Servings of **proteins** per day: 5 - 7 oz







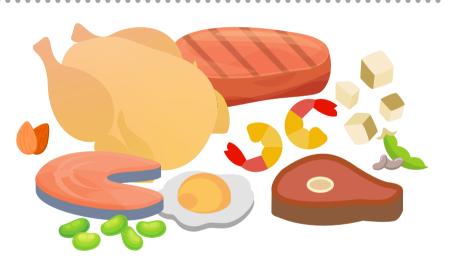
1 Egg



1/2 Cup Beans

Examples of Proteins:

- Chicken
- Seafood
- Eggs
- Steak
- Tofu
- Pork Chops
- Beans
- Deli Meat



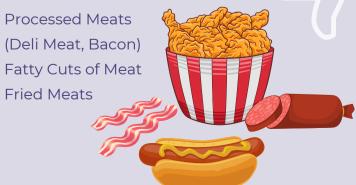
Low Fat is Best

Eat These:

Lean Meats Grilled Meats Broiled Meats Seafood Beans



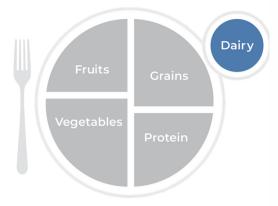
Don't Eat These:



Dairy

Diary has protein and calcium to keep your bones and teeth strong, which helps you avoid broken bones now and when you get older.

Choose options that are low in fat and have no added sugar.



Servings of dairy per day: 3 cups







1 Cup Low-Fat Milk



2 Slices of Swiss Cheese



Aim for dairy options that are low in fat and have no added sugar. Low fat options will say "skim,"

"low fat," "fat free,"
"0% fat" or "1% fat."
Nutrition labels will say "Includes o added sugars"
when there are no added sugars.

	trition Facts vings per container size 2/3 cup (55g)			
	ories 230			
	Total Fat 8g			
5%	Saturated Fat 1g			
	Trans Fat 0g			
0%	Cholesterol 0mg			
7%	Sodium 160mg			
12%	Total Carbs 37g			
14%	Dietary Fiber 4g			
	Sugars 1g			
	Added Sugars 0g			
	Protein 3g			

Lactose Free and Dairy Alternatives









Hydration

Hydration means drinking the right amount of fluid to keep your body working well.

Getting enough fluids helps you stay focused, digest your food, and move your body.

Aim for 5 large glasses of water every day!



Water is the healthiest choice!

You can drink water in a variety of ways!









Bottled Water



Infused Water (water with fruit in it)

Signs of Dehydration

Dehydration means you haven't had enough fluids. You can get very sick from being dehydrated. **Drink more water if you:**



have a headache.



feel tired or sluggish.



have a dry mouth.

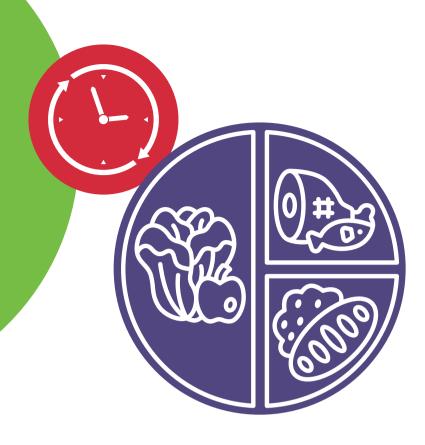


have dark colored pee.

Healthy Weight

Knowledge is key.

Managing how much to eat,
when you eat, portion control,
listening to your body, and
making healthy choices will
help you to maintain a
healthy weight.



KNOW how much to eat

Eating too much or the wrong types of foods can make you gain weight. Being overweight or obese can put you at a higher risk for diseases and can make it harder to move throughout your day. These tips can help you to stay at a healthy weight.

Be MINDFUL of portions

Limit yourself to three meals each day. If you need a snack,







avoid junk food and be mindful of portion sizes.







snacks

Stick to serving sizes (on page 26) even at restaurants! You can always eat leftovers at another meal.

Ask your Doctor

People with Down syndrome are more likely to be overweight or obese. This increases your risk for chronic diseases like diabetes. Ask your doctor if you are at a healthy weight for your height.

You can get to a healthy weight by eating healthy, staying active, getting enough sleep, and reducing stress.



LISTEN to your body



Stop eating when you are no longer hungry, not stuffed.

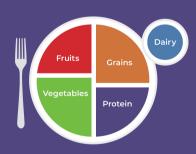


Take small bites and chew your food well.



Avoid electronics while eating. They distract you from feeling full.

CHOOSE healthy foods



MyPlate.gov

Choose foods from all food groups. The fiber and protein in these foods will help you stay full longer. Save sweets and junk food for special occasions.
These foods do not give your body nutrients.



Avoid Added Sugar

Some foods have natural sugar in them, like fruit and milk. **Added sugar** is sugar and syrup that are added to food and drinks when they are made.

Added sugar causes unhealthy weight gain and is bad for your teeth. Learn to look for added sugar in your foods and drinks.

Adults should have less than 50 grams of added sugar per day.



That's equal to about 13 teaspoons.

Watch out for drinks high in added sugar.

Many drinks have very high amounts of sugar. Cutting these drinks from your diet can help you maintain or lower your weight.



Find Hidden Sugar

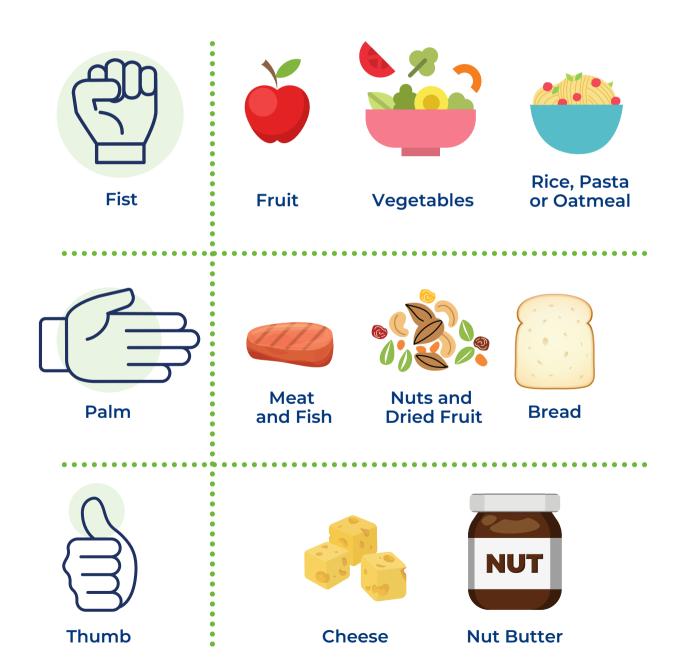
Look for added sugar in a food or drink on the nutrition label. Find where it says "Includes __g Added Sugars."

This food has 10 grams of added sugar.



Smart Servings

The amount of food is called a serving. The serving amount is different for different types of food. You can use your hands to remember how much to eat. Eating the right serving size will help you avoid eating too much food.



Balanced Nutrition Challenges

Try these challenges to make healthy eating a part of your life.

Choose a new fruit or vegetable to try. Try to eat it at least five times before you decide whether you like it.



Learn to make a new healthy recipe that includes at least three food groups. Eat this new recipe with family and friends.



Write a list of all your favorite healthy snack options. Reach for these snacks first at home, and pack them when you go out.



Try a spritzer instead of soda. Add fruit or a splash of fruit juice to a glass of sparkling water.





Make your favorite meals healthier. Use whole grain pasta in spaghetti or put peppers on pizza.



Organize your kitchen and make sure healthy foods are easy to see and make. Get rid of tempting sweets and junk food.



Choose a fruit or vegetable to eat with your breakfast every day. This helps you stay full and focused all morning long.



Emotional Wellness



Emotional
Wellness is the
ability to
understand
and deal with
your emotions.

Emotional wellness can help you cope with stress, be happier, and have good relationships with others.



321 GO. GOAL

Practice at least <u>1</u> emotional wellness strategy each day

strategy a day

Emotional Wellness Strategies



Emotions are how you react to things that happen to you. There are many things you can do to deal with stress and stay in a good mood even when life is hard.

Identify Your Emotions and Feelings



- Manage Your Stress
- Think Positive Thoughts



Connect with Others



Get a Good Night of Sleep



Practice at least 1 of these strategies each day to have good emotional wellness.

We will describe each strategy on the next few pages.

Identify Your Emotions and Feelings

to things that happen to you. Feelings are how your mind and body show your emotions.

You can have more than one emotion at a time.



All emotions are important. They can affect the way you think and what you do.

When you know what emotions you are experiencing, it is easier to cope.

Examples of Emotions:



HAPPINESS

<u>Feelings</u>: smiling, relaxed, energetic <u>Describing words</u>: joyful, proud, peaceful, content, calm, cheerful



ANGER

<u>Feelings</u>: want to yell, turning red, gritting teeth, making fists
<u>Describing words</u>: mad, frustrated, annoyed



FEAR

<u>Feelings</u>: wide eyes, fast heartbeat, want to hide, upset stomach <u>Describing words</u>: scared, worried, anxious, nervous



SURPRISE

<u>Feelings</u>: gasping, fast heartbeat, jumping

<u>Describing words</u>: amazed, confused, shocked



SADNESS

<u>Feelings</u>: crying, quiet, tired, want to be alone

<u>Describing words</u>: lonely, hurt, disappointed, embarrassed



DISGUST

<u>Feelings</u>: wrinkled nose, want to turn away, sick to your stomach
<u>Describing words</u>: dislike, boredom, judgmental, "grossed out"

Ways to identify your emotions and feelings:



point to pictures of how you feel



write how you feel in a journal or diary



draw or paint how you feel



talk to a friend or family member about how you feel

Manage Your Stress

Stress is the worry or tension you feel when you experience **changes** or **challenges**. You might feel stressed about good or bad events.

Use these **tips** to manage your stress so you feel calmer and happier even when life is hard.

Examples of stressful times:

- Starting a new job or school
- Moving to a new place
- Starting or ending a relationship
- Major illnesses
- A family member moving
- Death in the family
- Very busy schedule

Make healthy choices

Staying physically active, eating healthy foods, and getting enough sleep can help you deal with stress.



Talk to a someone

Talk with family, friends, or a therapist about stress. They can listen to how you feel and give you some advice.



Set goals and make plans

Goals and plans can give you direction. This can help make changes feel less overwhelming.



Find time to relax

Relax to take a break from your stress. You can read, stretch, go out in nature, or draw. Do whatever relaxes you.



Quick Stress Release Activities

321go! Breathing

- 1. Inhale slowly while thinking "3-2-1." 2. Hold while thinking "3-2-1."
- 3. Exhale slowly while thinking "3-2-1."

Practice 3-2-1 Breathing for at least one minute to feel more relaxed!



Squeeze and Release

- 1. Hold a stress ball in the palm of your hand. 2. Squeeze the ball tightly while you inhale.
- 3. Relax your hand and exhale.

Practice squeezing and releasing for at least one minute to feel more relaxed!



Think Positive Thoughts

Positive thinking means thinking good thoughts about yourself and your life. Thinking good thoughts can help you deal with stress and emotions.



Positive Talk

Positive talk statements remind you of all the good things about yourself.

- 1. Choose three things you love about yourself.
- 2. Say out loud, "I am ______" for each of the three things you like about yourself.

It can be helpful to say your positive talk statements in a mirror so you see yourself when you say them.

Be Thankful

Being thankful for the people and things in your life can help you be happy. Being thankful can remind you that even when things are hard, you still have a great life.

Ways to practice being thankful:



say "thank you" to people who help you



pray or think about what you're thankful for



write or draw about what you're thankful for

Connect with Others

Spending time with friends and family can help you deal with stressful times and negative emotions. There are lots of ways you can connect with others.

Surround yourself with friends and family who make you feel good about yourself.

These people will make it more fun to celebrate good times and get through hard times.

Ways to connect with family and friends:



call, text, or video chat



be active together



share a healthy meal

Make New Friends

It's important to keep making new friends throughout your life. Here are some ideas for meeting new people:



talk to people at school or work



volunteer for activities in your neighborhood



join a sports team and make friends with your teammates



take a class and talk with your classmates

Get a Good Night of Sleep

Sleep is important for your overall health, but it can be especially helpful for managing stress and emotions.

Getting enough sleep and having a sleep routine will help you be at your best.



You need
7-9 hours of sleep
every night.

Sleep Routine

Following the same steps **every night** can help you fall asleep faster and stay asleep longer. Plan these sleep habits in your routine:



exercise or be active earlier in the day



avoid caffeine 4-6 hours before you go to bed



get ready for bed at the same time every night



turn off electronics 30-60 minutes before bed



make a plan for brushing your teeth, washing your face, and taking a shower



make your bedroom dark and cool



do something that relaxes you like reading, drawing, or stretching

Sample Sleep Routine

This is an example of how you might set up your sleep routine.

Writing down your routine makes it easier to remember.



Turn off the TV and put your phone away.



Take a shower and get dressed for bed.



Listen to music and draw a picture.



Do five relaxing stretches.



Brush and floss teeth. Go to the bathroom.



Turn your lights out and go to sleep.

Many people with Down syndrome have sleep apnea, a condition that makes it hard to breathe when you are sleeping.

If you regularly get 7-9 hours of sleep but still feel tired, you should talk to your doctor to see if you have sleep apnea.

321 GO. Emotional Wellness Challenges

Try these challenges to make emotional wellness a part of your life.

Plan at least one phone call and one activity to do with your family or friends each week.



Spend time in nature every day. Nature can help you be calm and happy. You can walk in a park, garden, or watch the sunset.



Look in the mirror every morning and say one thing you like about yourself.



Write or draw a picture of how you feel in a journal every night for a month. Then, write or draw one thing that makes you happy.





Create a sleep routine that helps you relax.
Practice your sleep routine every night.



Practice your 3-2-1 Breathing in the morning for one minute. This will make it easier to do your breathing when you are stressed.



Say out loud at least three things you are thankful for each day. Add it to your sleep routine to end the day in a positive way.



Ask a professional

This guide gives you tips for living healthy. Sometimes you need more help. This is a list of professionals who can help you.



DOCTOR

Visit or call your doctor:

- to track your health at your regular visits.
- if you feel sick, hurt, or "off."
- if you have questions about your health.



FITNESS INSTRUCTOR

Visit a fitness instructor:

- if you have specific fitness goals.
- if you need help learning new exercises.
- if you want to learn how to use new equipment.



PHYSICAL THERAPIST

Visit a physical therapist:

- if you are injured and returning to activity.
- if you have pain when moving.
- if you have major concerns about falling.



DIETITIAN

Visit a dietitian:

- if your doctor recommends you visit a dietitian.
- if you have food allergies or celiac disease.
- if you have diabetes, kidney disease, or heart disease.
- if you need to lose or gain weight.



THERAPIST

Visit a therapist:

- if you are going through a stressful time in your life.
- if emotional wellness strategies aren't working.
- if you are sad or worried very often.

Additional Resources

National Down Syndrome Society

https://www.ndss.org/

The National Down Syndrome Society (NDSS) Health and Wellness Program promotes improved health and wellbeing for all individuals with Down syndrome. Through collaboration, NDSS develops tailored and accessible resources for individuals with Down syndrome, families, and caregivers across the lifespan. Please visit our webpage for health and wellness resources as well as education, employment, and financial information.

American Council on Exercise: Exercise Library

https://www.acefitness.org/education-and-resources/lifestyle/exercise-library/

The American Council on Exercise is a website for fitness professionals. This exercise library has several additional exercises for you to try at home or at a gym.

NCHPAD: 14 Weeks to a Healthier You

https://www.nchpad.org/14weeks/

The National Center on Health, Physical Activity, and Disability (NCHPAD) has several great resources for physical activity including a beginner exercise program.

U.S. Department of Agriculture: MyPlate

https://www.myplate.gov

MyPlate is a healthy way of eating based on the United States dietary guidelines. Elements of MyPlate are discussed in the nutrition section.

Accessible Chef

https://accessiblechef.com/resources/

Reading a recipe can be hard. The Accessible Chef's website has a database full of easy-to-read visual recipes. You can even create your own recipe!

Black Dog Institute: Healthy Mind

https://www.healthymind.org.au/

The Black Dog Institute created a fun online platform to learn more about emotional wellness. Visit this site to get more tips on managing emotions and stress.

Advocate Medical Group: Adult Down Syndrome Center

https://adscresources.advocatehealth.com/search/people-with-down-syndrome/

The Adult Down Syndrome Center at Advocate Medical Group has a great library of videos and pamphlets that discuss a variety of health and wellness topics.

Down Syndrome Clinic to You

https://www.dsc2u.org/

Down Syndrome Clinic to You (DSC2U) is a way for families to get up-to-date, personalized health and wellness information for their loved one with Down syndrome.



Fill in the stars when you reach your goal for each day of the week. Aim to get your physical activity,	Physical Activity Complete at least 30 minutes of physical activity each day.	Fruit	Vegetables
nutrition, and emotional wellness goal every day.	<u> </u>		
Sunday			
Monday	Δ		
Tuesday	Δ		
Wednesday	\Rightarrow		
Thursday	\Rightarrow		
Friday			
Saturday			

Goal Tracker

Balanced Nutrition Eat at least 2 servings of each food group every day.	Emotional Wellness Practice at least 1 emotional		
Grains	Protein	Dairy	wellness strategy each day.
		MILK	



Challenge Checklist Instructions

Try these challenges to make physical activity, balanced nutrition, and emotional wellness a part of your life. These fun challenges can help you to be healthy.



Check-off challenges as you complete them. Go at your own pace. It's best to work on one to three challenges at a time so you can gain new healthy habits.



enge Checklist





Mission Statement

The National Down Syndrome Society is the leading human rights organization for all individuals with Down syndrome.

Vision Statement

The National Down Syndrome Society envisions a world in which all people with Down syndrome have the opportunity to enhance their quality of life, realize their life aspirations and become valued members of welcoming communities.

SOCIAL MEDIA

Facebook: @NDSS1979

Twitter: @NDSS

Instagram: @ndssorg

YouTube: NDSSorg

TikTok: @ndssorg

in Linkedln: national-down-syndrome-society

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